

WRITING AN ESSAY: Using the “Tic-Tac-Toe” Method

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Workshop sponsored by:

**The Dr. Mack Gipson, Jr.,
Tutorial and Enrichment Center**

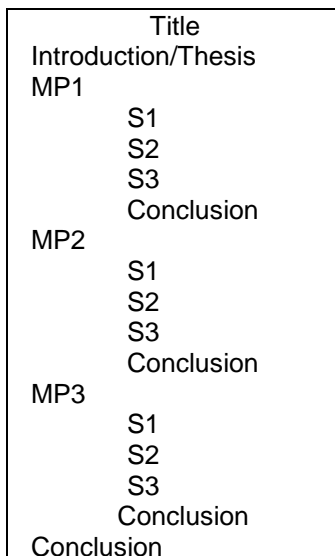
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Dr. Mack Gipson, Jr., Tutorial and Enrichment Center
5-Paragraph College Essay Structure

Parts	Description
Title	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • is centered on top line • is not underlined or bolded • is not in quotations • is written with proper capitalization
First Paragraph: Introduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • catches the reader's attention and makes him interested in reading the essay • starts with a general statement, question, or "attention-grabber" • ends with your thesis statement that tells the reader what you will be talking about and what your 3 main points are
Second Paragraph: Main Point 1 (MP1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • develops your <u>first main point</u> • starts with a topic sentence that states MP1 • contains at least 3 sentences (S1, S2, S3), each of which gives a supporting detail (each of these sentences may be further developed with sub-support sentences (SS1, SS2, SS3, etc.)) • ends with a conclusion sentence which summarizes or wraps up MP1
Third Paragraph: Main Point 2 (MP2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • develops your <u>second main point</u> • starts with a topic sentence that states MP2 • contains at least 3 sentences (S1, S2, S3), each of which gives a supporting detail (each of these sentences may be further developed with sub-support sentences (SS1, SS2, SS3, etc.)) • ends with a conclusion sentence which summarizes or wraps up MP2
Fourth Paragraph: Main Point 3 (MP3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • develops your <u>third main point</u> • starts with a topic sentence that states MP3 • contains at least 3 sentences (S1, S2, S3), each of which gives a supporting detail (each of these sentences may be further developed with sub-support sentences (SS1, SS2, SS3, etc.)) • ends with a conclusion sentence which summarizes or wraps up MP3
Fifth Paragraph: Conclusion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • summarizes your entire essay and wraps up your paper (draws it to a close) • may review main points and come to some kind of conclusion



The “Tic-Tac-Toe” Method

Step	Action	Purpose
1	Answer the question	Get your thesis
2	Give 3 reasons for your answer	Get your topic sentences
3	List your main ideas or evidence for each topic sentence	Get your major support
4	Fill in explanations/examples/details	Get your minor support
4A	Put your ideas in order (most important to least important, for example)	Get organized
5	Wrap it up	Get your conclusion

What’s left to do after you have done all of the above steps?

- Write a good introduction that leads up to your thesis statement.
- Follow your organized plan and write your 3 body paragraphs.
- Write a good conclusion paragraph that wraps up your paper and leaves your reader with a clear understanding of your ideas. Use your conclusion sentence at the beginning or end of your conclusion paragraph (wherever it fits best).
- Read and proofread and read and proofread and
- Write your final copy.
- Read and proofread and
- Pat yourself on the back for having written a good essay.

The next page of this handout presents a Tic-Tac-Toe brainstorming session for a student who is working on a sample essay that answers the following question:

Should all college students be required to take a computer class?

The student answers the question in his head with “yes.” See the next page for his thesis statement, conclusion statement, and brainstorming chart.

THESIS: All college students should be required to take a computer class.

1

learn the basic parts

3

learn how to set up

- plug wires in
- install software

3

learn common software

1

MSWord

- toolbars
- tables

2

lose the fear

2

practice

- modify desktop
- flash drive

1

become familiar

- disk drives
- USB port

2

PowerPoint

- colors
- sound

1

get answers

- won't blow up
- reboot

2

learn functions

- CPU
- memory card

3

Excel

- chart/graph
- formulas

3

try new things

- pixels: display
- copy/paste

CONCLUSION: All college students would benefit from taking a computer class.